

United States Department of Agriculture National Agricultural Statistics Service

FLORIDA CROP PROGRESS & CONDITION REPORT



In cooperation with the Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services and the UF/IFAS Extension Service 2290 Lucien Way, Suite 300, Maitland, FL 32751 · (407) 648-6013 · (855) 271-9801 FAX · www.nass.usda.gov/fl

Released: June 1, 2015 (4 PM EST) Week Ending: May 31, 2015

Heavy Rains in Panhandle, Dry in South

Weather Summary: According to Florida's Automated Weather Network (FAWN), rainfall ranged from no rain to 2.91 inches at Defuniak Springs (Walton County). Rainfall for most of the State was less than one inch. Per the U.S. Drought Monitor, Florida was 87 percent drought free this past week. Temperatures ranged from 59 degrees for night time lows to 96 degrees for day time highs, across the State. The highest temperature was 96 degrees in Bronson (Levy County). The lowest temperature in the State was 59 degrees in Kenansville (Osceola County).

Soil Moisture Ratings

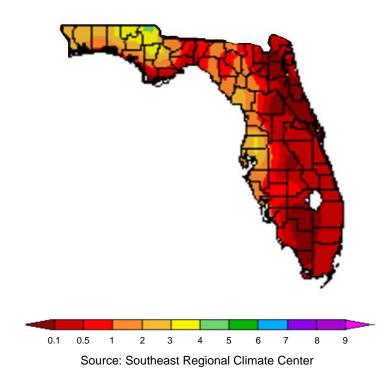
Maiatura	Topsoil			
Moisture Rating	Current week	Previous week	Previous year	
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	
Very short	3	2	2	
Short	37	42	31	
Adequate	56	53	61	
Surplus	4	3	6	

Field Crops: There was an average of 6.2 days suitable for field work this past week, down from 6.6 in the previous week. Heavy rains were received in some areas of the Panhandle which slowed planting or prevented harvesting this past week. Peanut planting continued in Washington County. Cotton was planted in Walton and Washington counties and soybean planting continued in Washington County. Jackson County farmers were harvesting wheat and planting soybeans behind the wheat. Haying continued in Dixie, Pasco, Orange, and Seminole counties. Field corn was being harvested in Dixie County. Rice continued to grow and be planted in Palm Beach County.

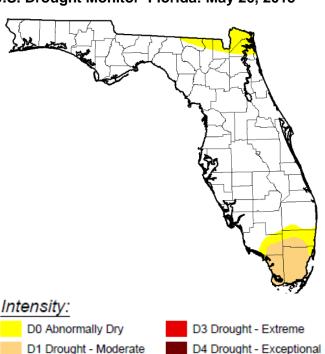
Peanut Progress

Stage	5-year average	Previous year	Current week
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Planted	81	79	85

Precipitation (in)-Florida: May 25-31, 2015



U.S. Drought Monitor-Florida: May 26, 2015



D2 Drought - Severe

Fruit and Vegetables: Watermelons were being harvested in Bradford, Dixie, Flagler, Putnam, Levy, and Gilchrist counties. Farmers in Dixie County were also harvesting green beans. Blueberry harvest was completed. Bradford County farmers were harvesting squash, onions, peppers, and a few remaining strawberries. Flagler and Putnam county farmers were harvesting potatoes. Sweet corn harvest was nearing its end in Palm Beach County. Southwest Florida farmers had a hot, dry week, their growing season is over for the summer. Crops being planted in Miami-Dade County were okra, boniato, malanga, and bitter melon. All crops in Miami-Dade County were being irrigated.

Livestock and Pastures: Jackson County farmers began planting Bahia grass for pastures. With scattered rainfall in Leon County this past week, some pastures had water accumulated in them Statewide, the cattle condition was mostly good, while the pasture condition was fair to good.

Cattle and Pasture Condition

	Cattle		Pasture	
Condition	Current week	Previous week	Current week	Previous week
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Very poor	0	0	2	1
Poor	3	2	13	10
Fair	25	23	37	34
Good	65	68	41	48
Excellent	7	7	7	7

Citrus: Daily high temperatures were seasonably warm all week, reaching the upper 80s to lower 90s each day in all citrus producing counties. The highest temperature recorded was in Sebring (Highlands County) at 94 degrees. Rainfall totals were low for this time of year. Only Vero Beach (Indian River County) at 0.49 inches and Frostproof (Polk County) at 0.87 inches had

significant rainfall for the week. Several stations in the citrus region recorded no rainfall. As per the U.S. Drought Monitor, last updated May 26, 2015, abnormally dry conditions covered only the southern half of Collier County and the southern tip of Hendry County. The remainder of the citrus area was drought free.

Weekly Valencia orange harvest dropped below four million boxes for the first time in almost two months. Florida's late season orange harvest typically starts tapering off the beginning of June and is relatively over by the end of the month or in early July. All other varieties were already finished for the season.

Field workers reported seeing irrigation running frequently. Some growers were still mowing; some were spraying summer oils. Hedging and topping was about finished for the season in most areas. Next season's early oranges were about golf ball size, grapefruit were slightly larger.

Citrus Estimated Boxes Harvested

[In thousands of 1-3/5 bushel boxes]

	For week ending:			
Сгор	May 17, 2015	May 25, 2015	May 31, 2015	
	(boxes)	(boxes)	(boxes)	
Valencia	4,493	4,330	2,819	
Colored grapefruit	1	5	0	
Temples	0	1	0	
Total	4,494	4,336	2,819	

This report is available, at no cost, on the NASS web site: http://www.nass.usda.gov/Statistics_by_State/Florida/Subscribe_to_FL_Reports/index.asp. To set-up this free subscription, send e-mail message to http://example.gister.org/linear-subscription, and in the body, type "subscribe to Florida crop weather." The drought monitor index used in this report originates from the U.S. Drought Monitor website. Visit http://droughtmonitor.unl.edu maintained by the National Drought Mitigation Center. The precipitation and temperature data used in this report originates from the Florida Automated Weather Network (FAWN). Visit https://fawn.ifas.ufl.edu maintained by UF/IFAS Information Technologies.